

## General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 7079

January Session, 2007

\*\_\_\_\_\_HB07079ENV\_\_\_041807\_\_\_\_\_\*

## AN ACT CONCERNING BROWNFIELD REMEDIATION AND REDEVELOPMENT.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) Sections 4 to 7, inclusive, and
- 2 section 9 of this act may be cited as the Brownfield Redevelopment Act
- 3 of 2007.
- 4 Sec. 2. Section 32-9cc of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 5 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2007*):
- 6 (a) There is established, within the Department of Economic and
- 7 Community Development, an Office of Brownfield Remediation and
- 8 Development. [that shall be within the Department of Economic and
- 9 Community Development for administrative purposes only.]
- 10 (b) The office shall:
- 11 (1) Develop procedures and policies for streamlining the process for
- 12 brownfield remediation;
- 13 (2) Identify existing and [create new] potential sources of funding
- 14 for brownfield remediation and develop procedures for expediting the
- 15 application for and release of such funds; [to municipalities or
- 16 economic development agencies;]

- 17 (3) Establish a place where municipalities or economic development 18 agencies may facilitate compliance with state and federal clean up 19 requirements and qualification for state funds;
- 20 <u>(4) Provide a single point of contact for financial and technical</u> 21 <u>assistance from the state and quasi-public agencies;</u>
- 22 (5) Develop a common application to be used by all state and quasi-23 public entities providing financial assistance for brownfield 24 assessment remediation and redevelopment;
- 25 **[**(4)**]** <u>(6)</u> Identify and prioritize brownfield development 26 opportunities <u>state-wide</u>;
- [(5)] (7) Analyze any action taken by the federal government and other states, particularly New Jersey and Pennsylvania, regarding brownfield remediation and liability; and
- [(6)] (8) Develop and execute an outreach program to educate municipalities, property owners and potential property owners and other organizations and individuals with regard to state policies and procedures for brownfield remediation.
- 34 (c) [The Office of Brownfield Remediation and Development shall 35 establish and operate There shall be a state-funded pilot program to 36 identify brownfield remediation economic opportunities in [four] five 37 Connecticut municipalities, one of which shall have a population of 38 less than twenty-five thousand, one of which shall have a population 39 of more than twenty-five thousand but less than fifty thousand, one of 40 which shall have a population of more than fifty thousand but less 41 than one hundred thousand and two of which shall have populations 42 of more than one hundred thousand. The Office of Brownfield 43 Remediation and Development Commissioner of Economic and 44 Community Development shall designate [four] five pilot 45 municipalities in which untreated brownfields hinder economic 46 development and shall make grants under such pilot program to these 47 municipalities or economic development agencies associated with each

- of the [four] <u>five</u> municipalities that are likely to produce significant economic development benefit for the designated municipality.
- (d) The Department of Environmental Protection, [and] the Connecticut Development Authority and the Department of Public Health shall each designate a staff member or members to act as a liaison between their offices and the Office of Brownfield Remediation and Development. The Office of Brownfield Remediation and Development [shall] <u>may</u> develop and recruit two volunteers from the private sector, including a person from the Connecticut chapter of the National Brownfield Association, with experience in different aspects of brownfield remediation and development. Said liaisons and volunteers [shall] may assist the Office of Brownfield Remediation and Development in achieving the goals of this section and, together, [shall] <u>may</u> represent said office's response team.
  - (e) The Office of Brownfield Remediation and Development may call upon any other department, board, commission or other agency of the state to supply such reports, information and assistance as said office determines is appropriate to carry out its duties and responsibilities. Each officer or employee of such office, department, board, commission or other agency of the state is authorized and directed to cooperate with the Office of Brownfield Remediation and Development and to furnish such reports, information and assistance.
  - (f) Brownfield sites identified for funding under the pilot program established in subsection (c) of this section shall receive priority review status from the Department of Environmental Protection. Each property funded under this program shall be investigated <u>in accordance with prevailing standards and practices</u> and remediated in accordance with the regulations established for the remediation of such sites adopted by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection or pursuant to section 22a-133k and under the supervision of the department or in accordance with the voluntary remediation program established in section 22a-133x. In either event, the department shall determine that remediation of the property has been fully

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implemented upon submission of a report indicating that remediation has been verified by an environmental professional licensed in accordance with section 22a-133v. Not later than ninety days after submission of the verification report, the [commissioner] shall Commissioner of Environmental Protection notify municipality or economic development agency as to whether the remediation has been performed and completed in accordance with the remediation standards or whether any additional remediation is warranted. For purposes of acknowledging that the remediation is complete, the commissioner may indicate that all actions to remediate any pollution caused by any release have been taken in accordance with the remediation standards and that no further remediation is necessary to achieve compliance except postremediation monitoring, natural attenuation monitoring or the recording of an environmental land use restriction.

- (g) All relevant terms in this subsection, subsection (h) of this section, sections 32-9dd to 32-9ff, inclusive, and section 11 of public act 06-184\* shall be defined in accordance with the definitions in chapter 445. For purposes of subdivision (12) of subsection (a) of section 32-9t, this subsection, subsection (h) of this section, sections 32-9dd to 32-9gg, inclusive, and section 11 of public act 06-184\*, "brownfields" means any abandoned or underutilized site where redevelopment and reuse has not occurred due to the presence of pollution in the soil or groundwater that requires remediation prior to or in conjunction with the restoration, redevelopment and reuse of the property.
- (h) The Departments of Economic and Community Development and Environmental Protection shall administer the provisions of subdivision (1) of section 22a-134, section 32-1m, subdivision (12) of subsection (a) of section 32-9t, sections 32-9cc to 32-9gg, inclusive, and section 11 of public act 06-184\* within available appropriations and any funds allocated pursuant to sections 4-66c, 22a-133t and 32-9t.
- Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 32-9ee of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*

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- 114 1, 2007):
- (b) In determining what funds shall be made available for an
- eligible brownfield remediation, the Office of Brownfield Remediation
- and Development Commissioner of Economic and Community
- 118 <u>Development</u> shall consider (1) the economic development
- opportunities such reuse and redevelopment may provide, [and] (2)
- the feasibility of the project, (3) the environmental and public health
- 121 <u>benefits of the project, and (4)</u> the contribution of the reuse and
- redevelopment to the municipality's tax base.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) As used in sections 5 and 6 of
- this act:
- 125 (1) "Brownfield" means any abandoned or underutilized site where
- 126 redevelopment and reuse has not occurred due to the presence or
- potential presence of pollution in the buildings, soil or groundwater
- 128 that requires remediation prior to or in conjunction with the
- restoration, redevelopment and reuse of the property;
- 130 (2) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Economic and
- 131 Community Development;
- 132 (3) "Department" means the Department of Economic and
- 133 Community Development;
- 134 (4) "Eligible applicant" means any municipality, a for-profit or
- 135 nonprofit organization, a local or regional economic development
- entity acting on behalf of a municipality or any combination thereof;
- 137 (5) "Financial assistance" means grants, extensions of credit, loans or
- loan guarantees, participation interests in loans made to eligible
- applicants by the Connecticut Development Authority or combinations
- 140 thereof;
- 141 (6) "Municipality" means a town, city, consolidated town and city or
- 142 consolidated town and borough;

- 143 (7) "Eligible brownfield project" means the assessment, remediation 144 and redevelopment of a brownfield undertaken pursuant to this act;
- 145 (8) "Project area" means the area within which a brownfield 146 redevelopment project is located;
- 147 (9) "Real property" means land, buildings and other structures and 148 improvements thereto, subterranean or subsurface rights, any and all 149 easements, air rights and franchises of any kind or nature; and
- 150 (10) "State" means the state of Connecticut.
- Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2007*) Subject to the availability of funds, the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development is authorized to, in consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, provide financial assistance in support of eligible brownfield projects, as defined in subdivision (7) of section 4 of this act.
- 157 Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) (a) An eligible applicant, as defined in subdivision (4) of section 4 of this act shall submit an 158 159 application for financial assistance to the commissioner on forms 160 provided by the Commissioner of Economic and Community 161 Development and with such information the commissioner deems 162 necessary, including, but not limited to: (1) A description of the 163 proposed project; (2) an explanation of the expected benefits of the 164 project in relation to the purposes of sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this 165 act; (3) information concerning the financial and technical capacity of 166 the eligible applicant to undertake the proposed project; (4) a project 167 budget; (5) a description of the condition of the property involved 168 including the results of any environmental assessment of the property; 169 and (6) the names of any persons known to be liable for the 170 remediation of the property.
  - (b) Applications properly submitted shall be reviewed and may be approved, disapproved or modified by the commissioner. In reviewing an application and determining the type and amount of financial

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assistance, if any, to be provided, the commissioner shall consider the following criteria: (1) The availability of funds; (2) the estimated costs of assessing and remediating the site, if known; (3) the relative economic condition of the municipality; (4) the relative need of the eligible project for financial assistance; (5) the degree to which financial assistance is necessary as an inducement to the eligible applicant to undertake the project; (6) the public health and environmental benefits of the project; (7) relative economic benefits of the project to the municipality, the region and the state, including, but not limited to, the extent to which the project will likely result in the retention and creation of jobs; (8) the timeframe in which the contamination occurred; (9) the relationship of the applicant to the person or entity that caused the contamination; and (10) such other criteria as the commissioner may establish consistent with the purposes of sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this act.

(c) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development may approve applications submitted in accordance with subsection (a) of this section before awarding any financial assistance to an eligible applicant or purchasing any participation interest in a loan made by the Connecticut Development Authority for the benefit of an eligible applicant. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if the applicant's request for financial assistance involves the department purchasing a participation interest in a loan made by the Connecticut Development Authority, such authority may submit such application and other information as is required of eligible applicants under subsection (a) of this section on behalf of such eligible applicant and no further application shall be required of such eligible applicant. No financial assistance shall exceed fifty per cent of the total project cost, provided in the case of (1) planning or site evaluation projects; and (2) financial assistance to any project in a targeted investment community, such assistance shall not exceed ninety per cent of the project cost. Upon approval of the commissioner, a nonstate share of the total project cost, if any, may be satisfied entirely or partially from noncash contributions, including contributions of real property, from private

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sources or, to the extent permitted by federal law, from moneys received by the municipality under any federal grant program.

- (d) Financial assistance may be used for (1) site investigation and assessment; (2) planning, including, but not limited to, the reasonable cost of feasibility studies, engineering, appraisals, market studies and related activities; (3) the acquisition of real property, provided such financial assistance shall not exceed fair market value; (4) the construction of site and infrastructure improvements related to the site remediation; (5) demolition and related activities; (6) remediation; (7) environmental insurance; and (8) other reasonable expenses which the commissioner determines are necessary or appropriate for the initiation, implementation and completion of the project. The department may purchase participation interests in loans made by the Connecticut Development Authority for the foregoing purposes.
- (e) The commissioner may establish the terms and conditions of any financial assistance provided pursuant to sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this act. The commissioner may make any stipulation in connection with an offer of financial assistance the commissioner deems necessary to implement the policies and purposes of such sections, including, but not limited to the following: (1) Providing assurances that the eligible applicant will discharge its obligations in connection with the project; and (2) requiring that the eligible applicant provide the department with appropriate security for such financial assistance, including, but not limited to, a letter of credit, a lien on real property or a security interest in goods, equipment, inventory or other property of any kind.
- (f) The commissioner may use any available funds for financial assistance under the provisions of sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this act.
- (g) Whenever funds are used pursuant to sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this act for purposes of environmental assessments or remediation of a brownfield, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may seek reimbursement of the costs and expenses incurred by requesting the Attorney General to bring a civil action to recover such costs and

expenses from any party responsible for such pollution provided no such action shall be brought separately from any action to recover costs and expenses incurred by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection in pursuing action to contain, remove or mitigate any pollution on such site. The costs and expenses recovered may include, but shall not be limited to, (1) the actual cost of identifying, evaluating, planning for and undertaking the remediation of the site; (2) any administrative costs not exceeding ten per cent of the actual costs; (3) the costs of recovering the reimbursement; and (4) interest on the actual costs at a rate of ten per cent a year from the date such expenses were paid. The defendant in any civil action brought pursuant to this subsection shall have no cause of action or claim for contribution against any person with whom the Commissioner of Environmental Protection has entered into a covenant not to sue pursuant to sections 22a-133aa and 22a-133bb of the general statutes with respect to pollution on or emanating from the property that is the subject of said civil action. Funds recovered pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Brownfield Remediation and Redevelopment Revolving Loan Fund established pursuant to section 7 of this act. The provisions of this subsection shall be in addition to any other remedies provided by law.

Sec. 7. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) (a) There is established a fund to be known as the "Brownfield Remediation and Redevelopment Revolving Loan Fund". There shall be deposited in the fund: (1) The proceeds of bonds issued by the state for deposit into said fund and used in accordance with this section; (2) repayments of assistance provided pursuant to subsection (c) of 22a-133u of the general statutes, as amended by this act; (3) interest or other income earned on the investment of moneys in the fund; (4) funds recovered pursuant to subsection (g) of section 6 of this act; and (5) all funds required by law to be deposited in the fund. Repayment of principal and interest on loans made pursuant to sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this act shall be credited to such fund and shall become part of the assets of the fund. The Brownfield Remediation and Redevelopment Revolving Loan

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- Fund may include other separate accounts. Any balance remaining in such fund at the end of any fiscal year shall be carried forward in the fund for the fiscal year next succeeding.
- 277 (b) All moneys received in consideration of financial assistance, 278 including payments of principal and interest on any loans, shall be 279 credited to the fund. At the discretion of the Commissioner of 280 Economic and Community Development and subject to the approval 281 of the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, any federal, 282 private or other moneys received by the state in connection with 283 projects undertaken pursuant to sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this act 284 shall be credited to the assets of the fund.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of law, proceeds from the sale of bonds available pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 4-66c of the general statutes may, with the approval of the Governor and the State Bond Commission, be used to capitalize the Brownfield Remediation and Redevelopment Revolving Loan Fund created by this section.
- 291 (d) The commissioner may, with the approval of the Secretary of the 292 Office of Policy and Management, provide financial assistance 293 pursuant to sections 4 to 6, inclusive, of this act from the fund 294 established under this section.
- Sec. 8. Subsection (c) of section 22a-133u of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 297 1, 2007):
  - (c) Any person, firm, corporation or municipality which has received funds under subsection (b) of this section shall repay such funds to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, according to a schedule and terms which said commissioner deems appropriate. The principal amount of the loan shall be due at a time deemed appropriate by the commissioner as follows: (1) Upon the sale of the property or lease of the property, in whole or in part, which is the subject of such evaluation or demolition;

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(2) upon the sale or release of a municipality's liens on such property; or (3) upon the approval by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection of a final remedial action report submitted in accordance with section 22a-133v. The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development may require repayment of the loan amortized over a period of no more than five years from the sale of the property, sale of the lien or approval by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection of the final remedial action report. No repayment shall be required, other than interest for the period that the loan is outstanding, if completion of remediation of environmental pollution at or on the property, or the sale or lease of such property, is economically infeasible due to the cost of such remediation. The commissioner may require partial repayment of the loan only if partial repayment is economically feasible. Any funds received by said commissioner as repayment under this subsection shall be deposited into the [Special Contaminated Property Remediation and Insurance Fund Brownfield Remediation and Redevelopment Revolving Loan Fund. The terms of any loan agreement entered into by said commissioner under said subsection may provide for the collection of interest on the loan which may vary according to whether the applicant is a municipality or a private entity and the duration of the repayment schedule for such loan provided the interest cost to the borrower provided for in such agreement shall not exceed the interest cost to the state on borrowings of like terms.

Sec. 9. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) The Commissioners of Environmental Protection and Economic and Community Development shall, in consultation with the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, establish a pilot program to identify and evaluate brownfield sites in priority funding areas designated pursuant to section 16a-35c of the general statutes. Said commissioners will work with state and local agencies as a coordinated team to identify all necessary permits and approvals for redevelopment, conduct outreach to solicit development proposals, and coordinate to review all requests for funding and permit approvals.

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Sec. 10. Subsection (d) of section 25-68d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2007):

(d) Any state agency proposing an activity or critical activity within or affecting the floodplain may apply to the commissioner for exemption from the provisions of subsection (b) of this section. Such application shall include a statement of the reasons why such agency is unable to comply with said subsection and any other information the commissioner deems necessary. The commissioner, [at least thirty days before approving, approving with conditions or denying any such application, shall publish once in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the affected area notice of: (1) The name of the applicant; (2) the location and nature of the requested exemption; (3) the tentative decision on the application; and (4) additional information the commissioner deems necessary to support the decision to approve, approve with conditions or deny the application. There shall be a comment period following the public notice during which period interested persons and municipalities may submit written comments. After the comment period, the commissioner shall make a final determination to either approve the application, approve the application with conditions or deny the application. The commissioner may hold a public hearing prior to approving, approving with conditions or denying any application if in the discretion of the commissioner the public interest will be best served thereby, and the commissioner shall hold a public hearing upon receipt of a petition signed by at least twenty-five persons. Notice of such hearing shall be published at least thirty days before the hearing in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in the area affected. The commissioner may approve or approve with conditions such exemption if the commissioner determines that (A)] after public notice of the application and an opportunity for a public hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, may approve such exemption if the commissioner determines that (1) the agency has shown that the activity or critical activity is in the public interest, will not injure

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persons or damage property in the area of such activity or critical activity, complies with the provisions of the National Flood Insurance Program, and, in the case of a loan or grant, the recipient of the loan or grant has been informed that increased flood insurance premiums may result from the activity or critical activity, or [(B)] (2) in the case of a flood control project, such project meets the criteria of [subparagraph (A) of this subdivision subdivision (1) of this subsection and is more cost-effective to the state and municipalities than a project constructed to or above the base flood or base flood for a critical activity. An activity shall be considered to be in the public interest if it is a redevelopment subject to environmental remediation regulations adopted pursuant to section 22a-133k and is located in an area identified as a regional center, neighborhood conservation area, growth area or rural community center in the State Plan of Conservation and Development pursuant to chapter 297. Following approval for exemption for a flood control project, the commissioner shall provide notice of the hazards of a flood greater than the capacity of the project design to each member of the legislature whose district will be affected by the project and to the following agencies and officials in the area to be protected by the project: The planning and zoning commission, the inland wetlands agency, the director of civil defense, the conservation commission, the fire department, the police department, the chief elected official and each member of the legislative body, and the regional planning agency. Notice shall be given to the general public by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in each municipality in the area in which the project is to be located.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	July 1, 2007	New section
Sec. 2	July 1, 2007	32-9cc
Sec. 3	July 1, 2007	32-9ee(b)
Sec. 4	July 1, 2007	New section
Sec. 5	July 1, 2007	New section

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Sec. 6	July 1, 2007	New section
Sec. 7	July 1, 2007	New section
Sec. 8	July 1, 2007	22a-133u(c)
Sec. 9	July 1, 2007	New section
Sec. 10	July 1, 2007	25-68d(d)

**ENV** Joint Favorable Subst.